

# RANGIURU SCHOOL

## ANNUAL REPORT

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### School Directory

**Ministry Number:** 1921

**Principal:** Mike Gullick

**School Address:** 659 Rangiora Road, Te Puke; PC 3188

**School Postal Address:**

**School Phone:** 07-573-7035  
[office@rangiora.school.nz](mailto:office@rangiora.school.nz)

**School Email:**

#### Members of the Board

<b>Position</b>	<b>Name</b>	<b>Term Expired/ Expires</b>
Chair Person	Bridget Crawshaw	May-22
Principal ex Officio	Mike Gullick	
Parent Rep	Barry Edwards	May-22
Parent Rep	Garry Stephens	May-22
Parent Rep	Elaine May	May-22
Parent Rep	Barry May	May-22
Parent Rep	Kevin Allen	Mar-21
Staff Rep	Danielle Newcomb	May-22

# RANGIURU SCHOOL

Annual Report - For the year ended 31 December 2021

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# Rangiuru School

## Statement of Responsibility

For the year ended 31 December 2021

The Board accepts responsibility for the preparation of the annual financial statements and the judgements used in these financial statements.

The management (including the principal and others as directed by the Board) accepts responsibility for establishing and maintaining a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance as to the integrity and reliability of the school's financial reporting.

It is the opinion of the Board and management that the annual financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2021 fairly reflects the financial position and operations of the school.

The School's 2021 financial statements are authorised for issue by the Board.

Bridget Crawshaw  
Full Name of Presiding Member

Bridget Goodwin  
Full Name of Principal

Bridget Crawshaw  
Signature of Presiding Member

Bridget Goodwin  
Signature of Principal

1/8/2022  
Date:

1/8/22  
Date:

**Rangiuru School**  
**Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense**  
For the year ended 31 December 2021

	Notes	2021 Actual \$	2021 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2020 Actual \$
<b>Revenue</b>				
Government Grants	2	845,876	837,022	836,154
Locally Raised Funds	3	23,596	13,700	23,689
Interest Income		83	100	109
Gain on Sale of Property, Plant and Equipment		-	-	5,217
		<u>869,555</u>	<u>850,822</u>	<u>865,169</u>
<b>Expenses</b>				
Locally Raised Funds	3	4,776	-	4,965
Learning Resources	4	582,659	579,219	497,382
Administration	5	40,623	46,525	48,788
Finance		299	-	-
Property	6	230,738	207,014	246,179
Depreciation		12,276	12,000	12,208
Transport		22,948	15,000	14,726
		<u>894,319</u>	<u>859,758</u>	<u>824,248</u>
<b>Net Surplus / (Deficit) for the year</b>		(24,764)	(8,936)	40,921
Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expense		-	-	-
<b>Total Comprehensive Revenue and Expense for the Year</b>		<u>(24,764)</u>	<u>(8,936)</u>	<u>40,921</u>

The above Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.

# Rangiuru School

## Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity

For the year ended 31 December 2021

	Notes	2021 Actual \$	2021 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2020 Actual \$
<b>Equity at 1 January</b>		97,107	97,107	56,186
Total comprehensive revenue and expense for the year		(24,764)	(8,936)	40,921
Capital Contributions from the Ministry of Education Contribution - Furniture and Equipment Grant		2,539	-	-
<b>Equity at 31 December</b>		74,882	88,171	97,107
Retained Earnings		74,882	88,171	97,107
<b>Equity at 31 December</b>		74,882	88,171	97,107

The above Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



# Rangiuru School

## Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 December 2021

	Notes	2021 Actual \$	2021 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2020 Actual \$
<b>Current Assets</b>				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	7	93,725	64,576	81,512
Accounts Receivable	8	36,462	30,000	35,038
GST Receivable		5,939	-	2,508
Prepayments		-	2,000	2,286
		<u>136,126</u>	<u>96,576</u>	<u>121,344</u>
<b>Current Liabilities</b>				
Accounts Payable	10	60,013	40,041	43,735
Revenue Received in Advance	11	4,000	-	-
Finance Lease Liability	13	5,503	5,000	7,166
Funds held for Capital Works Projects	14	1,762	-	3,085
		<u>71,278</u>	<u>45,041</u>	<u>53,986</u>
<b>Working Capital Surplus/(Deficit)</b>		64,848	51,535	67,358
<b>Non-current Assets</b>				
Property, Plant and Equipment	9	42,892	41,636	35,636
		<u>42,892</u>	<u>41,636</u>	<u>35,636</u>
<b>Non-current Liabilities</b>				
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	12	29,088	-	-
Finance Lease Liability	13	3,770	5,000	5,887
		<u>32,858</u>	<u>5,000</u>	<u>5,887</u>
<b>Net Assets</b>		<u>74,882</u>	<u>88,171</u>	<u>97,107</u>
<b>Equity</b>		<u>74,882</u>	<u>88,171</u>	<u>97,107</u>

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



# Rangiuru School

## Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 31 December 2021

	Note	2021 Actual \$	2021 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2020 Actual \$
<b>Cash flows from Operating Activities</b>				
Government Grants		202,994	315,011	214,453
Locally Raised Funds		28,887	17,322	23,689
Goods and Services Tax (net)		(3,431)	-	(632)
Payments to Employees		(85,645)	(78,504)	(80,131)
Payments to Suppliers		(108,275)	(121,698)	(107,000)
Interest Paid		(299)	-	-
Interest Received		79	100	109
Net cash from/(to) Operating Activities		34,310	132,231	50,488
<b>Cash flows from Investing Activities</b>				
Proceeds from Sale of Property Plant & Equipment (and Intangibles)		-	(2,500)	5,217
Purchase of Property Plant & Equipment (and Intangibles)		(14,501)	(30,784)	-
Net cash from/(to) Investing Activities		(14,501)	(33,284)	5,217
<b>Cash flows from Financing Activities</b>				
Furniture and Equipment Grant		2,539	-	-
Finance Lease Payments		(8,812)	(3,000)	(9,117)
Funds Administered on Behalf of Third Parties		(1,323)	-	3,085
Net cash from/(to) Financing Activities		(7,596)	(3,000)	(6,032)
<b>Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents</b>		<b>12,213</b>	<b>95,947</b>	<b>49,673</b>
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	7	81,512	42,034	31,839
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year</b>	7	<b>93,725</b>	<b>137,981</b>	<b>81,512</b>

The statement of cash flows records only those cash flows directly within the control of the School. This means centrally funded teachers' salaries and the use of land and buildings grant and expense have been excluded.

The above Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



# Rangiuru School

## Notes to the Financial Statements

### For the year ended 31 December 2021

#### 1. Statement of Accounting Policies

##### a) Reporting Entity

Rangiuru School (the School) is a Crown entity as specified in the Crown Entities Act 2004 and a school as described in the Education and Training Act 2020. The Board is of the view that the School is a public benefit entity for financial reporting purposes.

##### b) Basis of Preparation

###### *Reporting Period*

The financial reports have been prepared for the period 1 January 2021 to 31 December 2021 and in accordance with the requirements of the Education and Training Act 2020.

###### *Basis of Preparation*

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, and the accounting policies have been consistently applied throughout the period.

###### *Financial Reporting Standards Applied*

The Education and Training Act 2020 requires the School, as a Crown entity, to prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand, applying Public Sector Public Benefit Entity (PBE) Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime as appropriate to public benefit entities that qualify for Tier 2 reporting. The school is considered a Public Benefit Entity as it meets the criteria specified as 'having a primary objective to provide goods and/or services for community or social benefit and where any equity has been provided with a view to supporting that primary objective rather than for financial return to equity holders'.

###### *PBE Accounting Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime*

The School qualifies for Tier 2 as the school is not publicly accountable and is not considered large as it falls below the expenditure threshold of \$30 million per year. All relevant reduced disclosure concessions have been taken.

###### *Measurement Base*

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis unless otherwise noted in a specific accounting policy.

###### *Presentation Currency*

These financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars, rounded to the nearest dollar.

###### *Specific Accounting Policies*

The accounting policies used in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below.

###### *Critical Accounting Estimates And Assumptions*

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

###### *Cyclical maintenance*

A school recognises its obligation to maintain the Ministry's buildings in a good state of repair as a provision for cyclical maintenance. This provision relates mainly to the painting of the school buildings. The estimate is based on the school's long term maintenance plan which is prepared as part of its 10 Year Property Planning process. During the year, the Board assesses the reasonableness of its 10 Year Property Plan on which the provision is based. Cyclical maintenance is disclosed at note 12.

###### *Useful lives of property, plant and equipment*

The School reviews the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting date. The School believes that the estimated useful lives of the property, plant and equipment as disclosed in the significant accounting policies are appropriate to the nature of the property, plant and equipment at reporting date. Property, plant and equipment is disclosed at note 9.





### **Critical Judgements in applying accounting policies**

Management has exercised the following critical judgements in applying accounting policies:

#### **Classification of leases**

Determining whether a lease is a finance lease or an operating lease requires judgement as to whether the lease transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the school. Judgement is required on various aspects that include, but are not limited to, the fair value of the leased asset, the economic life of the leased asset, whether or not to include renewal options in the lease term, and determining an appropriate discount rate to calculate the present value of the minimum lease payments. Classification as a finance lease means the asset is recognised in the statement of financial position as property, plant, and equipment, whereas for an operating lease no such asset is recognised.

#### **Recognition of grants**

The School reviews the grants monies received at the end of each reporting period and whether any require a provision to carry forward amounts unspent. The School believes all grants received have been appropriately recognised as a liability if required. Government grants are disclosed at note 2.

### **c) Revenue Recognition**

#### **Government Grants**

The school receives funding from the Ministry of Education. The following are the main types of funding that the School receives.

Operational grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, which is in the year that the funding is received.

Teachers salaries grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the salary period they relate to. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly to teachers by the Ministry of Education.

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown and managed by the Ministry of Education on behalf of the Crown. These are not received in cash by the School as they equate to the deemed expense for using the land and buildings which are owned by the Crown. The School's use of the land and buildings as occupant is based on a property occupancy document as gazetted by the Ministry. The expense is based on an assumed market rental yield on the value of land and buildings as used for rating purposes.

This is a non-cash revenue that is offset by a non-cash expense. The use of land and buildings grants and associated expenditure are recorded in the period the School uses the land and buildings.

#### **Other Grants**

Other grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, unless there are unfulfilled conditions attached to the grant, in which case the amount relating to the unfulfilled conditions is recognised as a liability and released to revenue as the conditions are fulfilled.

#### **Donations, Gifts and Bequests**

Donations, gifts and bequests are recorded as revenue when their receipt is formally acknowledged by the School.

#### **Interest Revenue**

Interest Revenue earned on cash and cash equivalents and investments is recorded as revenue in the period it is earned.

### **d) Operating Lease Payments**

Payments made under operating leases are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

### **e) Finance Lease Payments**

Finance lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease term on an effective interest basis.

### **f) Cash and Cash Equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, bank balances, deposits held at call with banks, and other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of 90 days or less, and bank overdrafts. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents represent fair value.

### **g) Accounts Receivable**

Short-term receivables are recorded at the amount due, less an allowance for credit losses (uncollectable debts). The schools receivables are largely made up of funding from the Ministry of Education, therefore the level of uncollectable debts is not considered to be material. However, short-term receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery.



#### **h) Inventories**

Inventories are consumable items held for sale and comprised of stationery and school uniforms. They are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a first in, first out basis. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of activities less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Any write down from cost to net realisable value is recorded as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense in the period of the write down.

#### **i) Investments**

Bank term deposits are initially measured at the amount invested. Interest is subsequently accrued and added to the investment balance. A loss allowance for expected credit losses is recognised if the estimated loss allowance is not trivial.

#### **j) Property, Plant and Equipment**

Land and buildings owned by the Crown are excluded from these financial statements. The Board's use of the land and buildings as 'occupant' is based on a property occupancy document.

Improvements to buildings owned by the Crown are recorded at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost or, in the case of donated assets, fair value at the date of receipt, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost or fair value as the case may be, includes those costs that relate directly to bringing the asset to the location where it will be used and making sure it is in the appropriate condition for its intended use.

Gains and losses on disposals (i.e. sold or given away) are determined by comparing the proceeds received with the carrying amounts (i.e. the book value). The gain or loss arising from the disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

#### **Finance Leases**

A finance lease transfers to the lessee substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset, whether or not title is eventually transferred. At the start of the lease term, finance leases are recognised as assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position at the lower of the fair value of the leased asset or the present value of the minimum lease payments. The finance charge is charged to the surplus or deficit over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. The amount recognised as an asset is depreciated over its useful life. If there is no reasonable certainty whether the school will obtain ownership at the end of the lease term, the asset is fully depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and its useful life.

#### **Depreciation**

Property, plant and equipment except for library resources are depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight line basis. Library resources are depreciated on a diminishing value basis. Depreciation of all assets is reported in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The estimated useful lives of the assets are:

Building improvements to Crown Owned Assets	20-50 years
Furniture and equipment	5-10 years
Information and communication technology	3-5 years
Motor vehicles	10 years
Leased assets held under a Finance Lease	Term of Lease
Library resources	12.5% Diminishing value

#### **k) Intangible Assets**

##### **Software costs**

Computer software acquired by the School are capitalised on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software. Costs associated with subsequent maintenance or licensing of software are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense when incurred.

The carrying value of software is amortised on a straight line basis over its useful life. The useful life of software is estimated as three years. The amortisation charge for each period and any impairment loss is recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.



#### **l) Impairment of property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets**

The school does not hold any cash generating assets. Assets are considered cash generating where their primary objective is to generate a commercial return.

##### *Non cash generating assets*

Property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets held at cost that have a finite useful life are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount. The recoverable service amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

Value in use is determined using an approach based on either a depreciated replacement cost approach, restoration cost approach, or a service units approach. The most appropriate approach used to measure value in use depends on the nature of the impairment and availability of information.

If an asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount, the asset is regarded as impaired and the carrying amount is written down to the recoverable amount. The total impairment loss is recognised in the surplus or deficit.

The reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in the surplus or deficit.

#### **m) Accounts Payable**

Accounts Payable represents liabilities for goods and services provided to the School prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. Accounts Payable are recorded at the amount of cash required to settle those liabilities. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

#### **n) Employee Entitlements**

##### *Short-term employee entitlements*

Employee entitlements that are expected to be settled within 12 months after the end of the reporting period in which the employees provide the related service are measured based on accrued entitlements at current rates of pay. These include salaries and wages accrued up to balance date, annual leave earned, by non teaching staff, to but not yet taken at balance date.

##### *Long-term employee entitlements*

Employee benefits that are not expected to be settled wholly before twelve months after the end of the reporting period in which the employee provides the related service, such as retirement and long service leave, have been calculated on an actuarial basis.

The calculations are based on the likely future entitlements accruing to employees, based on years of service, years to entitlement, the likelihood that employees will reach the point of entitlement, and contractual entitlement information, and the present value of the estimated future cash flows

#### **o) Revenue Received in Advance**

Revenue received in advance relates to fees received from grants received where there are unfulfilled obligations for the School to provide services in the future. The fees are recorded as revenue as the obligations are fulfilled and the fees earned.

#### **p) Funds Held in Trust**

Funds are held in trust where they have been received by the School for a specified purpose, or are being held on behalf of a third party and these transactions are not recorded in the Statement of Revenue and Expense.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose at any time.

#### **q) Provision for Cyclical Maintenance**

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown, and is vested in the Ministry. The Ministry has gazetted a property occupancy document that sets out the Board's property maintenance responsibilities. The Board is responsible for maintaining the land, buildings and other facilities on the School site in a state of good order and repair.

Cyclical maintenance, which involves painting the interior and exterior of the School, makes up the most significant part of the Board's responsibilities outside day-to-day maintenance. The provision is a reasonable estimate, based on an up to date 10 Year Property Plan (10YPP) or another appropriate source of evidence.



**r) Financial Instruments**

The School's financial assets comprise cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, and investments. All of these financial assets, except for investments that are shares, are categorised as 'financial assets measured at amortised cost' for accounting purposes in accordance with financial reporting standards.

Investments that are shares are categorised as 'financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive revenue and expense' for accounting purposes in accordance with financial reporting standards.

The School's financial liabilities comprise accounts payable, borrowings, finance lease liability, and painting contract liability. All of these financial liabilities are categorised as 'financial liabilities measured at amortised cost' for accounting purposes in accordance with financial reporting standards.

**s) Borrowings**

Borrowings on normal commercial terms are initially recognised at the amount borrowed plus transaction costs. Interest due on the borrowings is subsequently accrued and added to the borrowings balance. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the school has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after balance date.

Borrowings include but are not limited to bank overdrafts, operating leases, finance leases, painting contracts and term loans.

**t) Goods and Services Tax (GST)**

The financial statements have been prepared on a GST exclusive basis, with the exception of accounts receivable and accounts payable which are stated as GST inclusive.

The net amount of GST paid to, or received from, the IRD, including the GST relating to investing and financing activities, is classified as a net operating cash flow in the statements of cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed exclusive of GST.

**u) Budget Figures**

The budget figures are extracted from the School budget that was approved by the Board.

**v) Services received in-kind**

From time to time the School receives services in-kind, including the time of volunteers. The School has elected not to recognise services received in kind in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.



## 2. Government Grants

	2021 Actual	2021 Budget (Unaudited)	2020 Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Operational Grants	193,850	187,757	172,256
Teachers' Salaries Grants	439,949	445,582	439,774
Use of Land and Buildings Grants	129,528	129,528	180,395
Other MoE Grants	8,083	-	28,128
Lunches in School	73,405	73,405	12,000
Transport grants	1,061	750	3,601
	<u>845,876</u>	<u>837,022</u>	<u>836,154</u>

The school has opted in to the donations scheme for this year. Total amount received was \$12,082.

## 3. Locally Raised Funds

Local funds raised within the School's community are made up of:

	2021 Actual	2021 Budget (Unaudited)	2020 Actual
	\$	\$	\$
<b>Revenue</b>			
Donations & Bequests	10,063	5,150	7,083
Fees for Extra Curricular Activities	408	-	3,433
Trading	2,296	-	1,674
Fundraising & Community Grants	1,520	2,450	7,101
Other Revenue	9,309	6,100	4,398
	<u>23,596</u>	<u>13,700</u>	<u>23,689</u>
<b>Expenses</b>			
Extra Curricular Activities Costs	1,456	-	714
Trading	3,051	-	2,488
Fundraising and Community Grant Costs	269	-	1,763
	<u>4,776</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>4,965</u>
	<u>18,820</u>	<u>13,700</u>	<u>18,724</u>

*Surplus/ (Deficit) for the year Locally raised funds*

## 4. Learning Resources

	2021 Actual	2021 Budget (Unaudited)	2020 Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Curricular	23,383	21,400	17,133
Lunches in School	73,405	73,405	12,000
Information and Communication Technology	1,043	1,200	698
Library Resources	991	1,500	935
Employee Benefits - Salaries	481,283	476,082	463,985
Staff Development	2,554	5,632	2,631
	<u>582,659</u>	<u>579,219</u>	<u>497,382</u>



## 5. Administration

	2021 Actual \$	2021 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2020 Actual \$
Audit Fee	5,262	4,500	5,385
Board Fees	-	3,500	-
Board Expenses	5,606	4,550	3,327
Communication	1,295	1,200	1,387
Consumables	733	2,400	513
Operating Lease	-	-	279
Other	3,895	5,200	3,653
Employee Benefits - Salaries	15,755	18,200	27,005
Insurance	2,977	2,100	2,682
Service Providers, Contractors and Consultancy	5,100	4,875	4,557
	40,623	46,525	48,788

## 6. Property

	2021 Actual \$	2021 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2020 Actual \$
Caretaking and Cleaning Consumables	5,304	4,700	3,546
Consultancy and Contract Services	10,697	15,000	-
Cyclical Maintenance Provision	29,088	5,000	-
Grounds	9,809	9,000	20,380
Heat, Light and Water	6,379	6,482	8,901
Repairs and Maintenance	7,043	6,000	3,866
Use of Land and Buildings	129,528	129,528	180,395
Security	979	1,500	2,822
Employee Benefits - Salaries	31,911	29,804	26,269
	230,738	207,014	246,179

In 2021, the Ministry of Education revised the notional rent rate from 8% to 5% to align it with the Government Capital Charge rate. This is considered to be a reasonable proxy for the market rental yield on the value of land and buildings used by schools. Accordingly in 2021, the use of land and buildings figure represents 5% of the school's total property value. Property values are established as part of the nationwide revaluation exercise that is conducted every 30 June for the Ministry of Education's year end reporting purposes.

## 7. Cash and Cash Equivalents

	2021 Actual \$	2021 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2020 Actual \$
ASB Cheque account	69,822	64,576	57,624
Future project fund 51 saver	2,239	-	2,238
50 saver - Painting / Bus fund	21,639	-	21,625
Cash on Hand	25	-	25
	93,725	64,576	81,512

Cash and cash equivalents for Statement of Cash Flows

Of the \$93,725 Cash and Cash Equivalents, \$4,000 of unspent grant funding is held by the School. This funding is subject to restrictions which specify how the grant is required to be spent. If these requirements are not met, the funds will need to be returned.

## 8. Accounts Receivable

	2021 Actual	2021 Budget (Unaudited)	2020 Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Receivables	134	-	1,425
Interest Receivable	5	-	1
Banking Staffing Underuse	-	-	-
Teacher Salaries Grant Receivable	36,323	30,000	33,612
	<u>36,462</u>	<u>30,000</u>	<u>35,038</u>
Receivables from Exchange Transactions	139	-	1,426
Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions	36,323	30,000	33,612
	<u>36,462</u>	<u>30,000</u>	<u>35,038</u>

## 9. Property, Plant and Equipment

	Opening Balance (NBV)	Additions	Disposals	Impairment	Depreciation	Total (NBV)
2021	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Buildings	458	-	-	-	(23)	435
Furniture and Equipment	543	5,926	-	-	(184)	6,285
Information and Communication Technology	1	8,574	-	-	(1,343)	7,232
Motor Vehicles	18,535	-	-	-	(2,174)	16,361
Leased Assets	14,049	5,032	-	-	(8,295)	10,786
Library Resources	2,050	-	-	-	(257)	1,793
<b>Balance at 31 December 2021</b>	<u>35,636</u>	<u>19,532</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(12,276)</u>	<u>42,892</u>

	2021 Cost or Valuation	2021 Accumulated Depreciation	2021 Net Book Value	2020 Cost or Valuation	2020 Accumulated Depreciation	2020 Net Book Value
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Buildings	1,145	(710)	435	1,145	(687)	458
Furniture and Equipment	85,286	(79,001)	6,285	103,432	(102,890)	543
Information and Communication T	34,832	(27,600)	7,232	26,445	(26,444)	1
Motor Vehicles	21,739	(5,378)	16,361	21,739	(3,204)	18,535
Leased Assets	42,461	(31,675)	10,786	37,429	(23,380)	14,049
Library Resources	19,774	(17,981)	1,793	19,774	(17,724)	2,050
<b>Balance at 31 December</b>	<u>205,237</u>	<u>(162,345)</u>	<u>42,892</u>	<u>209,965</u>	<u>(174,329)</u>	<u>35,636</u>



## 10. Accounts Payable

	2021 Actual \$	2021 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2020 Actual \$
Creditors	13,328	6,041	3,737
Accruals	5,401	4,000	4,780
Banking Staffing Overuse	2,167	-	-
Employee Entitlements - Salaries	37,818	30,000	33,996
Employee Entitlements - Leave Accrual	1,299	-	1,222
	<u>60,013</u>	<u>40,041</u>	<u>43,735</u>
Payables for Exchange Transactions	60,013	40,041	43,735
	<u>60,013</u>	<u>40,041</u>	<u>43,735</u>

The carrying value of payables approximates their fair value.

## 11. Revenue Received in Advance

	2021 Actual \$	2021 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2020 Actual \$
Other revenue in Advance	4,000	-	-
	<u>4,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

## 12. Provision for Cyclical Maintenance

	2021 Actual \$	2021 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2020 Actual \$
Provision at the Start of the Year	-	-	-
Increase/ (decrease) to the Provision During the Year	29,088	5,000	-
Use of the Provision During the Year	-	-	-
Provision at the End of the Year	<u>29,088</u>	<u>5,000</u>	<u>-</u>
Cyclical Maintenance - Current	-	-	-
Cyclical Maintenance - Term	29,088	-	-
	<u>29,088</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>





### 13. Finance Lease Liability

The School has entered into a number of finance lease agreements for computers and other ICT equipment. Minimum lease payments payable:

	2021 Actual \$	2021 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2020 Actual \$
No Later than One Year	4,996		6,760
Later than One Year and no Later than Five Years	3,453		5,678
Future Finance Charges	824		615
	<u>9,273</u>	-	<u>13,053</u>
<b>Represented by</b>			
Finance lease liability - Current	5,503		7,166
Finance lease liability - Term	3,770		5,887
	<u>9,273</u>	-	<u>13,053</u>

### 14. Funds Held for Capital Works Projects

During the year the School received and applied funding from the Ministry of Education for the following capital works projects.

	2021	Opening Balances \$	Receipts from MoE \$	Payments \$	Board Contributions \$	Closing Balances \$
SiP Shade sails	<i>closed</i>	(71)	71	-		-
SiP - Pipes	<i>closed</i>	5,794	-	(5,794)		-
SiP Heat pumps	<i>ongoing</i>	8,652	-	(9,375)		(723)
SiP Carpets	<i>ongoing</i>	(11,290)	23,175	(9,400)		2,485
Totals		<u>3,085</u>	<u>23,246</u>	<u>(24,569)</u>	-	<u>1,762</u>

#### Represented by:

Funds Held on Behalf of the Ministry of Education	2,485
Funds Due from the Ministry of Education	723
	<u>1,762</u>

	2020	Opening Balances \$	Receipts from MoE \$	Payments \$	Board Contributions \$	Closing Balances \$
Shade sails	<i>in progress</i>	-	7,004	(7,075)		(71)
Pipes	<i>in progress</i>	-	6,169	(375)		5,794
Heat Pumps	<i>in progress</i>	-	8,652	-		8,652
Carpets	<i>in progress</i>	-	-	(11,290)		(11,290)
Totals		<u>-</u>	<u>21,825</u>	<u>(18,740)</u>	-	<u>3,085</u>





## 15. Related Party Transactions

The School is a controlled entity of the Crown, and the Crown provides the major source of revenue to the school. The school enters into transactions with other entities also controlled by the Crown, such as government departments, state-owned enterprises and other Crown entities. Transactions with these entities are not disclosed as they occur on terms and conditions no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted if dealing with that entity at arm's length.

Related party disclosures have not been made for transactions with related parties that are within a normal supplier or client/recipient relationship on terms and condition no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted in dealing with the party at arm's length in the same circumstances. Further, transactions with other government agencies (for example, Government departments and Crown entities) are not disclosed as related party transactions when they are consistent with the normal operating arrangements between government agencies and undertaken on the normal terms and conditions for such transactions.

## 16. Remuneration

### Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel of the School include all Board members, Principal, Deputy Principals and Heads of Departments.

	2021 Actual \$	2020 Actual \$
<i>Board Members</i> Remuneration	-	-
<i>Leadership Team</i> Remuneration	209,484	202,979
Full-time equivalent members	2	2
Total key management personnel remuneration	209,484	202,979

There are 6 members of the Board excluding the Principal. The Board had held 6 full meetings of the Board in the year. As well as these regular meetings, including preparation time, the Chair and other Board members have also been involved in ad hoc meetings to consider student welfare matters including stand downs, suspensions, and other disciplinary matters.

### Principal 1

The total value of remuneration paid or payable to the Principal was in the following bands:

	2021 Actual \$000	2020 Actual \$000
Salaries and Other Short-term Employee Benefits:		
Salary and Other Payments	100-110	100-110
Benefits and Other Emoluments	0-5	0-5
Termination Benefits	-	-

### Other Employees

The number of other employees with remuneration greater than \$100,000 was in the following bands:

Remuneration \$000	2021 FTE Number	2020 FTE Number
	0.00	0.00
	0.00	0.00

The disclosure for 'Other Employees' does not include remuneration of the Principal.



## 17. Compensation and Other Benefits Upon Leaving

The total value of compensation or other benefits paid or payable to persons who ceased to be board members, committee members, or employees during the financial year in relation to that cessation and number of persons to whom all or part of that total was payable was as follows:

	2021 Actual	2020 Actual
Total		-
Number of People		-

## 18. Contingencies

There are no contingent liabilities (except as noted below) and no contingent assets as at 31 December 2021 (Contingent liabilities and assets at 31 December 2020: nil).

Holidays Act Compliance – schools payroll

The Ministry of Education performs payroll processing and payments on behalf of boards, through payroll service provider Education Payroll Limited.

The Ministry's review of the schools sector payroll to ensure compliance with the Holidays Act 2003 is ongoing. Final calculations and potential impact on any specific individual will not be known until further detailed analysis and solutions have been completed.

To the extent that any obligation cannot reasonably be quantified at 31 December 2021, a contingent liability for the school may exist.

## 19. Commitments

### (a) Capital Commitments

As at 31 December 2021 the Board had not entered into any contract agreements for capital works:

(Capital commitments at 31 December 2020: NIL)

## 20. Financial Instruments

The carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities in each of the financial instrument categories are as follows:

### Financial assets measured at amortised cost

	2021 Actual	2021 Budget (Unaudited)	2020 Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Cash and Cash Equivalents	93,725	64,576	81,512
Receivables	36,462	30,000	35,038
Total Financial assets measured at amortised cost	<u>130,187</u>	<u>94,576</u>	<u>116,550</u>

### Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost

Payables	60,013	40,041	43,735
Finance Leases	9,273	10,000	13,053
Total Financial Liabilities Measured at Amortised Cost	<u>69,286</u>	<u>50,041</u>	<u>56,788</u>

## **21. Events After Balance Date**

There were no significant events after the balance date that impact these financial statements.

## **22. Comparatives**

There have been a number of prior period comparatives which have been reclassified to make disclosure consistent with the current year.

## **23. Breach of Legislation**

The school breached Section 137 of the Education and Training Act 2020 which requires the school to provide its draft financial statements to their auditor by 31 March 2022. The deadline was breached due to disruptions caused by Covid 19 pandemic and the mandated isolation of staff.



## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

### TO THE READERS OF RANGIURU SCHOOL'S FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

The Auditor-General is the auditor of Rangiuru School (the School). The Auditor-General has appointed me, Donna Taylor, using the staff and resources of BDO Tauranga, to carry out the audit of the financial statements of the School on his behalf.

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the School on pages 4 to 20, that comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2021, the statement of comprehensive revenue and expense, statement of changes in net assets/equity and statement of cash flows for the year ended on that date, and the notes to the financial statements that include accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion the financial statements of the School:

- present fairly, in all material respects:
  - its financial position as at 31 December 2021; and
  - its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended; and
- comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand in accordance with Public Sector Public Benefit Entity Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime as applicable to entities that qualify as Tier 2.

Our audit was completed on 1 September 2022. This is the date at which our opinion is expressed.

The basis for our opinion is explained below. In addition, we outline the responsibilities of the Board and our responsibilities relating to the financial statements, we comment on other information, and we explain our independence.

#### Basis for our opinion

We carried out our audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the Professional and Ethical Standards and the International Standards on Auditing (New Zealand) issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Responsibilities of the auditor section of our report.

We have fulfilled our responsibilities in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

**PARTNERS:** Fraser Lellman CA  
Donna Taylor CA

Jenny Lee CA  
Paul Manning CA

Janine Hellyer CA

**ASSOCIATE:** Michael Lim CA

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## **Responsibilities of the Board for the financial statements**

The Board is responsible on behalf of the School for preparing financial statements that are fairly presented and that comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand. The Board of Trustees is responsible for such internal control as it determines is necessary to enable it to prepare financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Board is responsible on behalf of the School for assessing the School's ability to continue as a going concern. The Board is also responsible for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting, unless there is an intention to close or merge the School, or there is no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board's responsibilities, in terms of the requirements of the Education and Training Act 2020, arise from section 87 of the Education Act 1989.

## **Responsibilities of the auditor for the audit of the financial statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements, as a whole, are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit carried out in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements are differences or omissions of amounts or disclosures, and can arise from fraud or error. Misstatements are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the decisions of readers taken on the basis of these financial statements.

For the budget information reported in the financial statements, our procedures were limited to checking that the information agreed to the School's approved budget.

We did not evaluate the security and controls over the electronic publication of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. Also:

- We identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- We obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.
- We evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Board.
- We conclude on the appropriateness of the use of the going concern basis of accounting by the Board and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the School's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the School to cease to continue as a going concern.

- We evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- We assess the risk of material misstatement arising from the Novopay payroll system, which may still contain errors. As a result, we carried out procedures to minimise the risk of material errors arising from the system that, in our judgement, would likely influence readers' overall understanding of the financial statements.

We communicate with the Board regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Our responsibilities arises from the Public Audit Act 2001.

### **Other information**

The Board of Trustees is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Analysis of Variance, Board of Trustees Listing and Kiwisport Report, but does not include the financial statements, and our auditor's report thereon.

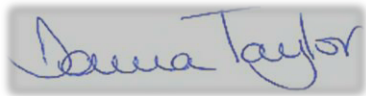
Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of audit opinion or assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information. In doing so, we consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on our work, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### **Independence**

We are independent of the School in accordance with the independence requirements of the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the independence requirements of Professional and Ethical Standard 1: *International Code of Ethics for Assurance Practitioners* issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board.

Other than the audit, we have no relationship with or interests in the School.



Donna Taylor  
BDO Tauranga  
On behalf of the Auditor-General  
Tauranga, New Zealand